



Activities of State Organizations, Neighborhoods, Households, and the General Public in the Upbringing of Adolescents and Children

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<http://dx.doi.org/10.47814/ijssrr.v5i12.868>

Abstract

This scientific study gives information about the role of the state organizations, the neighborhood, and the general public in accomplishing preventive activities related to the child and his upbringing in the household. It also analyses the definition of the household as a sacred place. In addition, thoughts about the substance of the family, its socio-spiritual, demographic conditions, activities related to the upbringing of the child, the role of the household in the raising of a child, the importance of the role of organizations responsible for determining the strict control order, involving the representatives of relevant social administration and the general public are expressed. The saying of slogan “Motherland begins with the family” has become the basis of the household’s lifestyle; these historical processes have reached our present day with their traditions and customs.

Keywords: *State Organizations; Neighborhood; Household; The General Public; Education; Adolescents; Children*

Introduction

The Uzbek people are used to paying great attention to bringing up a perfect person in their culture and spirituality. Human is the greatest of all things in existence. Therefore, child education is vital in glorifying and appreciating a person, especially in bringing the young generation to maturity. It is essential to learn about our national spiritual culture, preserve it and pass it on to our ancestors, realize each person's identity and look at history.

It is not without reason that the main emphasis is on the family. It is noteworthy that the definition of the family as a sacred entity, the saying “Motherland begins with the family”, has become the meaning of life and has reached our days with its customs, traditions, and nationality through

historical processes. The essence of every family is reflected in its social–spiritual, educational, and child–rearing aspects.

As a result of our country’s recognition at the world level, special attention was paid to the formation of the family, the direction of educating the young generation, and the development of social–spiritual, religious, moral, and physical education.

It is a fact that the names of Abu Ali Ibn Sina, Al–Bukhari, Jaloliddin Manguberdi, Amir Temur, Mirzo Ulugbek, Bobur Mirzo, Al–Khorazmi, Alisher Navoi, and thousands of other scientists and thinkers have become world legends.

Our President Shavkat Miromonovich Mirziyoyev not only speaks a lot of positive thoughts about our great ancestors but also makes the memories of our ancestors happier by further developing historical monuments in every region and city district. Together with thousands of tourists, our young people are exploring our land and spreading knowledge to the world.

Today, the new strategy of Uzbekistan and all the positive development work carried out in our Republic are for the benefit of the people, and the focus on child education paves the way for the transition from the action strategy to the development strategy.

Also, every parent wants their child to grow up to be a well–rounded person. Therefore, first of all, mothers must take care of raising their children in the family. It is known to the world that Al–Bukhari’s mother was engaged in raising children and that a great scientist and saintly person was born from a dear mother.

The Main Part

The folk proverb “Seven neighborhoods are responsible for one child” contains many meanings. Scholars and thinkers of Eastern countries paid great attention to child education and contributed to forming the core of national pedagogy. The cooperation of the neighborhood, family, school, and the general public has shown how the future generation will be, and the direction of reprimands from parents and close neighbors will all be well–intentioned.

Looking back, our forefathers taught children to threaten them, to never be violent or rude to them, and to say, “it is going to be bad”, in a sweet voice. At the same time, when they see strangers, they say “Assalomu alaykum” (greeting); they have imbibed national traditions such as “not to belittle a person who is older than themselves”.

Also, in A. Kadiriy’s “O’tkan kunlar” (“Bygone days”) is about those who achieved their goals through violence; the relationship between Otabek and his father, mother revealed the complex and exciting aspects of upbringing in a very delicate period without any wars or quarrels.

As a result of parents leaving their children unsupervised, there are some cases where they commit serious offenses, get injured, or take their own lives.

For example, an unknown person, who lives in Samarkand region, went to work in the United States with her husband, and those who took advantage of the fact that their children were left unattended and unsupervised created the basis for their life to oppressed. We should not forget that due to the lack of attention to these and other similar situations, children may fall under various influences and become victims of crime or human trafficking.

Article 64 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan stipulates that parents must feed and educate their children until they reach adulthood. Also, in Article 47 of the Code of Administrative Responsibility of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the issue of responsibility for non-fulfillment of the obligations of parents and their substitutes regarding the upbringing and education of children is included.

Considering the above, let us dwell on the factors that cause the child's educational development in the family.

- Literacy of parents;
- Parents' attention to the book;
- Level of spiritual and moral formation of parents;
- The responsibility of parents about the profession;
- The number of children in the family and equal attention to each of them;
- Material support of the family;
- Treatment and cultural processes;
- Relation to the environment;
- Completeness and incompleteness of the family;
- Relation to the Uzbek language;
- Respect and attention to national customs, etc.;

The harmony of the parents in the family, the mutual kindness of the older people in the neighborhood, and the care of the younger ones form the basis of family education.

This relationship of harmony can affect every family. Children react and get autographs when they feel the effect. In other words, there is a proverb in our nation, "A bird does what it sees in its nest", which means that we should avoid negative situations related to children's education. First, do not say inappropriate things in front of them, and do not consume tobacco and alcohol products.

It is necessary to be careful in raising children; pampering them too much leads to severe consequences; children believe that there is an influencing force (protecting person) behind them and act accordingly. It should be noted that the effectiveness of family and community education is determined not only by the time spent on raising children but also by the social stage of the family, the reputation of the parents in the neighborhood, and their spiritual and moral level. In this case, the most crucial educational background is for parents to deeply feel the adults' responsibility for their children's upbringing.

In this place, the great scientist Abdulla Avloniy put forward the idea that "Education is life, or death, or salvation, or destruction, or happiness, or disaster". Therefore, we need to work on ourselves to be suitable successors of our great thinker-ancestors and organize things based on the concept of neighborhood, school, and family civilly.

In particular, raising a healthy generation in every family is a delicate task. It is necessary not only to give education and instruction to children but also to teach them that they need to work on themselves to love the environment. The methods of raising a healthy generation in the family are shown in the following.

Also, five important youth initiatives of the Republic of Uzbekistan, at the same time, the ground were created for the youth to be professionally supported to introduce themselves and take their place on the world scale. According to the words of our president, all initiatives are focused on the youth based on the principle of serving the people's interests.

The Foundation “For a healthy generation”, established by the decision of the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Uzbekistan, has set several tasks:

- Strengthening the material and technical base of children’s institutions, equipping them with tools and equipment created based on the latest scientific and technological achievements, providing them with new effective means of treatment, improving the health of future generations of the population of the Republic using national experiences;
- Implementing the national program for the health of the young generation in Uzbekistan, focusing on the development of cooperation in protecting maternal and child health, is a particular task.

Also, at the video selector meeting held on January 27, 2021, our President Shavkat Miromonovich Mirziyoyev said that we will now introduce a “civilian” work system by implementing new strategies for public safety and by introducing activities aimed at fighting crime and preventing violations. The chairman of the neighborhood, prevention inspectors, school director, and youth leader emphasized that now “citizens” will solve the problems of the youth. Therefore, it shows the need to work with children in the (civilian) work system.

What is the mood of the person inside the house, the children, today? Is the stomach full? What is the goal? What are the problems? They defined these “personally”, put clear and concise issues before the sector’s leaders, and emphasized that paying attention to the following in implementing this system is necessary:

- Identifying the problems of each citizen individually;
- entering the identified problems into the appropriate database and “Iron”, “Youth” and “Women” notebooks;
- Assign specific tasks to official organizations about solving problems;
- Control until the identified problems are solved individually;
- Removal from the relevant database after the identified problems have been resolved.

Today, in the “civilian” working system, education has tremendous social and preventive importance. In turn, social, legal, psychological, and other problems existing in society are primarily aimed at reflecting on the lives of young people and women.

In particular, Central Asia is the youngest region in the world, with an average age of 27.6 years. About 50 percent of the region’s population belongs to the Republic of Uzbekistan. In particular, 18.9 million of the population of our country. Alternatively, 54 percents are young people and children under 30 years old (2,558,977 people between 15 and 19 years old). In other words, youth and women’s problems are a barometer of societal issues.

The conducted studies show that today there are serious problems related to youth in our country:

- In particular, 39,088 young people live in troubled families, of which various harmful informal groups and currents influence 368;
- In addition, in 2020, 2.2 of every 100 crimes were committed by persons aged 16–17;
- There are 150,000 children under 18 who need special attention in our Republic.

Thus, citizens’ social, legal, psychological, and other problems are identified and considered through the “citizen” work system. The existing problems are solved on the spot, social balance is stabilized in society, and the main reasons and conditions for committing crimes are investigated and eliminated. Cooperation is central in applying this system to society and working according to one standard.

Strong cooperation between state bodies and public structures should be established to achieve some positive results or expected societal goals. Based on this point of view, the “civilian” working system will be implemented in the districts in cooperation, and the interested state bodies and public organizations at the district (city) level will actively participate.

At the same time, the general public, that is, the neighborhood, relying on folk pedagogy, should inculcate their experiences in the minds of young people, prevent conflict situations in the family early, be aware of the financial crisis of each family and have the necessary information. After all, all this, as mentioned above, directly affects the child’s education. The chairpersons of the local organization, enterprise, and community assembly; members of women’s committees must have pedagogical and psychological knowledge and skills. There is a wise saying in our people, “where there is no fight against evil, good cannot be born”. It is necessary to fight diligently and persistently to eliminate the spiritual and moral defects that appear in the upbringing of some of our youth, to create spiritual beauty in them. Fulfilling this critical task is the parent’s duty and responsibility and the general public’s primary mission.

The following are recommended for the formation of a healthy lifestyle in the child’s psyche:

- Paying particular attention to spiritual and educational education;
- Formation of warm educational relations of parents in young families to each other;
- strictly fighting family divorces, putting an end to cases of not putting pressure on children in this regard;
- Controlling the relationship between the mother-in-law and the daughter-in-law and combating the unhealthy atmosphere between them;
- To treat each of the children according to their character and qualities;
- Guide them to a profession, to read books, to create an opportunity to use computer technology;
- Not to consume tobacco products and alcoholic beverages in front of children;
- Not to watch strange ideas and negative situations, embarrassing movies that affect children’s upbringing, and not to talk about such events;
- Create opportunities for children to work on themselves;
- Referral to physical education and other cultural sports events;
- Not to engage in forced labor and not to oppress them, to support them when they are in a difficult situation.

It is up to the family to improve the efficiency of working with children and educate them in the spirit of patriotism. Because the generation that continues the human race, creators of material and spiritual wealth, managers of the society, comes into the world in the family, matures, and is formed as a person. The Decree “On measures to improve the system of working with families and women and girls” was an essential step in bringing the state policy on family and women to a new level in our Republic. To effectively organize and coordinate the activities of the competent bodies to find a systematic solution to the problems in this direction, the State Committee for Family and Women was established. “Neighborhood and family” scientific research institute was reorganized as the “Family and women” scientific research institute and transferred to the Committee structure.

Family is an unassailable fortress. It is the solid foundation of human society and the force that moves it. It is a cradle that inculcates universal human qualities and living values into the heart, mind, and consciousness of the young generation growing up in its bosom. Therefore, the stronger the family, a social unit based on educational, spiritual-educational, spiritual, moral, and economic-legal relations, the more stable the society will continue on the path of development.

If we look at history, much attention is paid to the family to ensure its strength to preserve its life conclusions; instructive stories and narratives were delivered to children in the form of letters, wise words, poetic lines, and advice. For example, such great people as Mahmud Kashgariy, Ahmad Yugnakiy,

Kaikovus, Beruniy, Ibn Sina, Farabiy, and Mirzo Ulugbek recognized the role of parents, grandparents, and grandparents in raising a perfect and patriotic personality in their works.

Conclusion

In short, as part of the large-scale reforms implemented in our country, special attention is paid to youth and minors. Especially in a child's upbringing, the family is considered an unassailable fortress. It is also a cradle that instills universal human qualities and living values into the hearts and minds of the young generation growing up in its bosom. It is a strong foundation of human society and a powerful force that drives it. Therefore, the stronger and more educated children, who are a social unit based on educational, moral, spiritual, economic, and legal relations, the more stable the society will continue on the path of development. As a result, our youth's healthy and mature upbringing, especially our girls' abilities and talents. The great idea emphasized by President Shavkat Miromonovich Mirziyoyev that realization, love, and loyalty to the Motherland, national and universal values will continue to be at the center of our attention is bearing fruit.

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